



- Notes : 1. Attempt **eight** questions in all including Q. No. **1** which is compulsory.
2. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Choose the appropriate alternative.

- i) Under Articles 21 and 31 the deprivation of a person of his life, or personal liberty or property will be constitutional if it is in accordance with law which has been authoritatively held to mean only a law made by legislature and not principles of ----
 - a) Human Rights
 - b) Natural Rights
 - c) Bill of Rights
 - d) None of above
- ii) Does part-III of the constitution touch upon the personal laws of the parties?
 - a) Yes
 - b) No
 - c) Depends
 - d) None of above
- iii) Which of the following Articles contain the cultural and Educational Rights?
 - a) 18 – 31
 - b) 23 – 24
 - c) 29 – 30
 - d) 19 – 22
- iv) When there is a conflict between fundamental Rights as declared by Part-III and the Directive Principles of state policy, the----- will prevail.
 - a) Directive Principles
 - b) Fundamental Rights
 - c) Both
 - d) Neither
- v) Which of the following Article contain the Right to constitutional Remedies?
 - a) 18
 - b) 23
 - c) 32
 - d) 19
- vi) Which of the following Amendment Act of the constitution deleted the right to properly from the list of fundamental rights.
 - a) The constitutional (Thirty-Seventh Amendment) Act, 1975
 - b) The constitutional (Thirty-eight Amendment) Act, 1975
 - c) The constitutional (Forty-Second Amendment) Act, 1976
 - d) The constitutional (Forty-Fourth Amendment) Act, 1978
- vii) Which of the following Article Provides that the state shall not discriminate any citizen on the grounds of religion, race, caste, sex and the place of birth?
 - a) 15
 - b) 16
 - c) 17
 - d) 18
- viii) The practice of untouchability is prohibited by the
 - a) Article 17
 - b) Article 18
 - c) Article 19
 - d) Article 20
- ix) Suspension of provisions of Article-19 during emergency is dealt in
 - a) Article 352
 - b) Article 355
 - c) Article 358
 - d) Article 361
- x) Which one of the following doctrines in not related to Article 13 of the constitution?
 - a) Doctrine of Eclipse
 - b) Doctrine of colourable legislation
 - c) Doctrine of Waiver
 - d) Doctrine of Severability

2. Who is a citizen? How citizenship may be acquired through domicile?
3. Directive Principles are fundamental in making welfare state. Discuss.
4. Explain the right to life and personal liberty as provided under Art. 21 of the constitution.
5. Discuss the fundamental rights of Minorities under the Indian constitution.
6. Write short notes on **any two** of the following.
 - a) Fundamental Duties.
 - b) Emergency and Fundamental Rights.
 - c) Special Leave petition.
 - d) Doctrine of severability.
7. Examine the conditions to be fulfilled to make classification reasonable under Article-14.
8. "No person shall be deprived of his life or personal liberty except according to procedure established by Law". Discuss with reference to decided cases.
9. Discuss –
 - a) Protection available against ex-post facto law.
 - b) Privilege against self incrimination.
10. Which constitutional Remedies are available under Indian constitution? Discuss relationship between Article 32 and Article 226.
11. Discuss the concept of "Equality before law and Equal Protection of Law".
12. Discuss issues and challenges relating to enforceability of Directive principles in India.
