

## EP-403 : Analog and Digital Circuits

Time : Three Hours



Max. Marks : 80

Notes :

1. All questions carry marks as indicated.
2. Assume suitable data wherever necessary.
3. Illustrate your answers wherever necessary with the help of neat sketches.

1. a) Use Karnaugh-map technique for solving the following. Also realize it using logic gates. 8
- i)  $y = m_0 + m_2 + m_4 + m_6 + m_8 + m_{10} + m_{12} + m_{14} + d_5 + d_7$
- ii)  $f = m_0 + m_3 + m_5 + m_6 + m_9 + m_{10} + m_{12} + m_{15} + d_1 + d_2 + d_8$
- Note: - {m-minterms and d-don't cares}
- b) Using suitable Multiplexer implement the following logic equation 8
- $F(P, Q, R, S) = \Sigma m(0, 2, 3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 13)$
- Assume S as the input link to the MUX.

**OR**

- |           |    |   |          |
|-----------|----|---|----------|
| <b>2.</b> | a) | Design 4 - bit binary to gray code and Gray code to binary converters.                          | <b>8</b> |
|           | b) | Explain how two half adders can be used to get full adder function.                             | <b>8</b> |
| <b>3.</b> | a) | Explain the concept of clock in SR flip flop. Explain the working using suitable logic diagram. | <b>8</b> |
|           | b) | Which triggering methods are used in flip flops. Which is the most preferred method? why?       | <b>8</b> |

**OR**

- |           |      |  |               |
|-----------|------|--|---------------|
| <b>4.</b> | a)   | Design & Explain Modulo- 06 counter.   | <b>8</b>      |
|           | b)   | Explain 4 - bit Bidirectional shift register operation using suitable diagram.                 | <b>8</b>      |
| <b>5.</b> | a)   | Draw internal block diagram of operational amplifier (op-amp). Explain function of each block. | <b>8</b>      |
|           | b)   | Define and give typical values of following op-amp parameters for IC741.                       | <b>8</b>      |
|           | i)   | I/p offset voltage   | ii) Slew Rate |
|           | iii) | PSRR   | iv) CMRR      |

**OR**

6. a) Explain Dominant pole freq. compensation and pole-zero compensation technique in op-amp. 8

- b) For non-inverting amplifier configuration of op-amp if  $R_F = 10k\Omega$ ,  $R_1 = 1k\Omega$ , supply voltage applied is  $\pm 12V$ . Draw the input output waveforms if the above circuit is applied with input as. **8**
- i) 1 KHz sine wave with  $V_m = 5V$
- ii) 1 KHz sine wave with  $V_m = 10mV$
- 7.** a) Explain voltage to current converter with grounded load using op-amp. **8**
- b) Draw practical integrator circuit. How it is different from ideal circuit. Draw its response and explain working. **8**

**OR**

- 8.** a) Using op-amp implement the equation. **8**  
 $V_0 = 3V_1 - 2V_2 + V_3$ .
- b) Derive the output equation for three input inverting summing amplifier circuit. **8**
- 9.** a) Explain inverting Schmitt Trigger with neat circuit diagram and waveforms. Also draw the voltage transfer curve for above circuit. **8**
- b) Using internal block diagram explain the working of Astable multivibrator using IC555. Give the equations for  $T_{ON}$ ,  $T_{OFF}$  and frequency of oscillations. **8**

**OR**

- 10.** a) Draw and explain working of full wave precision rectifier with neat circuit diagram and waveforms. **8**
- b) Write note on monostable multivibrator using IC555. **8**

\*\*\*\*\*