Time : Three Hours

Notes : 1. All questions are compulsory.
2. All questions carry equal marks.

1. a) Define Statistics and explain importance of statistics.
b) The annual income of five families is given below calculate geometric mean and hormonic mean.

| S. No. | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual Income in (Rs.) | 5 | 10 | 192 | 14374 | 20498 |

OR
c) Calculate mean median and mode.

| Wages | No. of workers |
| :--- | :---: |
| Less than 20 | 4 |
| Less than 30 | 16 |
| Less than 40 | 56 |
| Less than 50 | 97 |
| Less than 60 | 124 |
| Less than 70 | 137 |
| Less than 80 | 146 |
| Less than 90 | 150 |

4. a) Calculate Quartile Deviation and its co-efficient.

| Income in Rs. | No. of persons |
| :--- | :---: |
| Less than 40 | 5 |
| Less than 50 | 27 |
| Less than 60 | 90 |
| Less than 70 | 164 |
| Less than 80 | 194 |
| Less than 90 | 200 |

b) Find out Range and its co-efficient.

| Marks | No. of Students |
| :--- | :---: |
| More than 0 | 160 |
| More than 10 | 145 |
| More than 20 | 128 |
| More than 30 | 110 |
| More than 40 | 90 |
| More than 50 | 77 |
| More than 60 | 50 |
| More than 70 | 26 |
| More than 80 | 0 |

## OR

c) Calculate Karl Pearsons co-efficient of skewness -

| Wages in Rs. | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | $70-80$ | $80-90$ | $90-100$ | $100-110$ | $110-120$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of workers | 11 | 23 | 40 | 60 | 35 | 16 | 9 | 6 |

3. a) Calculate co-efficient of correlation between age of Husband and Wife.

| Age of Wife <br> (in year) | Age of Husband <br> (in year) |
| :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 23 |
| 22 | 27 |
| 23 | 28 |
| 24 | 29 |
| 25 | 30 |
| 26 | 31 |
| 28 | 33 |
| 29 | 35 |
| 30 | 36 |
| 32 | 39 |

b) Find out correlation and probable error
sum of products of corresponding deviation of x and y 782
Standard deviation of 'x' series 9.44
Standard deviation of 'y' series 8.33
No. of pairs 10

## OR

c) Calculate co-efficient of correlation and its probable error.

Marks in STBM

| Marks in F/AC | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $15-25$ | 05 | 09 | 03 | - | - | 17 |
| $25-35$ | - | 10 | 25 | 02 | - | 37 |
| $35-45$ | - | 01 | 12 | 02 | - | 15 |
| $45-55$ | - | - | 04 | 16 | 05 | 25 |
| $55-65$ | - | - | - | 04 | 02 | 06 |
| Total | 5 | 20 | 44 | 24 | 7 | 100 |

4. a) Information available as under :

| Commodity | Base Year |  | Current Year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Price | Quantity | Price | Quantity |
| Dal | 06 | 50 | 10 | 56 |
| Rice | 02 | 100 | 02 | 120 |
| Wheat | 04 | 160 | 06 | 60 |
| Jawar | 10 | 30 | 12 | 24 |
| Sugar | 08 | 40 | 12 | 36 |

Find Out:
i) Fisher Ideal Index Number
ii) Time Reversal Test
iii) Factor Reversal Test
b) Find out Index Number.

| Commodity | Quantity |  | Price |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2015 | 2016 | 2015 | 2016 |
| Sugar | 16 | 20 | 50 | 16 |
| Dalda | 05 | 08 | 10 | 15 |
| Ghee | 04 | 06 | 20 | 25 |

by i) Laspeyres method
ii) Paasches method

## OR

c) Construct Dorbish and Bowley Index and Fishers Ideal Index.

| Year | Rice |  | Wheat |  | Jawar |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Price | Quantity | Price | Quantity | Price | Quantity |
| 2015 | 04 | 50 | 03 | 10 | 02 | 05 |
| 2016 | 10 | 40 | 08 | 08 | 04 | 04 |

5. Write in brief :
a) Differentiate between primary data and secondary data.
b) What is mean by Dispersion? Explain its measures.
c) Define correlation and explain its characteristics.
d) Explain the limitations of Index Numbers.
